NON-INSTUCTIONAL OPERATIONS

8100

Transportation

The Board of Trustee's primary concern in providing transportation services to students is the safety and protection of the health of students.

The District shall provide transportation to and from school for a student who:

- 1. Resides at least 1½ miles from the nearest appropriate school, determined by the nearest and best route from the junction of the driveway of the student's home¹ and the nearest public road to the nearest door of the school the student attends or to a bus stop, whichever the case may be;
- 2. Is a student with a disability, whose IEP identifies transportation as a related service; or
- 3. In the judgment of the Board, has another compelling and legally sufficient reason to receive transportation services, including the age, health, or safety of the student.

The type of transportation provided by the District may be by a school bus or other vehicle, or by such individual transportation as paying the parent or guardian for individually transporting the student. The Board may pay board and room reimbursements to a parent when a student resides within a non-transportation area (an area of a school district designated by the Board as impractical, by reason of scarcity of students, remoteness, or condition of roads) but is otherwise eligible for transportation and cannot be transported in any authorized manner. The Board may authorize children attending nonpublic schools to ride a school bus provided that space is available and a fee to cover the per-seat cost for such transportation is collected.

Homeless students shall be transported in accordance with the McKinney Homeless Assistance Act and State law.

Safety

The Superintendent shall develop written rules establishing the procedures for bus safety and emergency exit drills, and for student conduct while riding on buses, including for students with special needs.

Cross Reference: 8110 Safety Busing

8120 Bus Routes, Stops and Non-Transportation Zones

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1501 Transportation Authorized

¹ A day care center, family day care home, or a group day care facility may substitute for the student's residence for student transportation to and from school.

I.C. § 33-1503 Payments when Transportation Not Furnished

IDAPA 08.02.03.109 Special Education No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (P.L. 107-110)

Other Reference: Federal Highway Safety Guideline 17

Idaho Department of Education, Idaho's School Bus Driver Training

Classroom Curriculum

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 2 of 2

Extracurricular Transportation

The term "extracurricular" refers to activities or events which are supplements to the regular instructional program and do not involve class credit, including, but not limited to athletics, speech, debate, music, band, student groups and/or organizations, and community activities.

The determination as to whether to provide transportation for students, spectators, or participants to and from extracurricular activities shall be made solely by the District. This determination shall include, but is not limited to, the decision to provide transportation, the persons to be transported, the type or method to be utilized, all transportation scheduling and coordination, and any other transportation arrangements or decisions. Employees who are involved in extracurricular activities shall be advised by the Superintendent as to the transportation arrangements made, if any.

District employees wishing to undertake independent arrangement, scheduling, or coordination of transportation for extracurricular activities shall do so only when specifically directed or approved by the Superintendent. District employees will notify the Superintendent of all transportation details and/or arrangements made after authorization. District employees shall not use a personal vehicle to transport students, except in case of emergency or prior approval of parent/guardian.

Responsibility for extracurricular transportation, when not provided by the District, will remain with the parent who will be required to sign a waiver and release of claims prior to the extracurricular activity or event. Such waiver and release of claims shall remain on file at the school.

At its discretion, the District may charge fees for transportation of students to and from extracurricular activities where attendance is optional.

Cross Reference: 3380 Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Participation Policy

8100 Transportation

8105F Extracurricular Transportation Liability Waiver

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1501 Transportation Authorized

I.C. § 33-512(12) Governance of Schools

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

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8105F

Extracurricular Transportation Liabili	<u>ity Waiver</u>	
_	parent or guardian ofortation for this child TO and FROM transportation is not provided.	
child TO and FROM all extracurricul for which District transportation is no District from any and all liability or c	ver, I take full responsibility for the tra lar activities and events during the 20_ ot provided. I also understand that this claims regarding the transportation of to vents for which District transportation	/20 school year waiver releases the his child TO and
Signature of Parent/Guardian	-	
Date	-	

Safety Busing

Safety busing is the transportation of a student who lives less than 1½ miles from school when, in the judgment of the Board of Trustees, the age, health, and/or safety of the students warrants such action.

The Board of Trustees will only consider requests for safety busing for students living less than 1½ miles from school when a student walking to school would entail one or more of the following:

- 1. Unsupervised crossing of a heavily traveled multi-lane roadway requiring beyond-age level comprehension of complex traffic hazards;
- 2. Walking along an arterial road and highway permitting 50 mile per hour speeds;
- 3. Crossing an intersection in competition with a high volume of right-turning vehicles without the benefit of adult supervised crossing;
- 4. Walking in the traffic lane of an arterial or collector street because of the absence of sidewalks or usable shoulders which are at least three feet wide;
- 5. Walking beside or over unprotected waterways;
- 6. Walking routes which are temporarily interrupted by major road construction, building construction, or utility construction;
- 7. Walking routes interrupted by numerous high traffic volume business driveways; or
- 8. Other unique circumstances or extraordinary factors.

The existence of any of the above criteria does not automatically qualify an area for safety busing. The Board may also consider evaluation factors including but not limited to traffic count, traffic gap times, posted speed, width of roadway, width of walking area, length of time students would be exposed to area of concern, age of pupils, number of pupils, and traffic control signs and markings as well as written comments from parents, patrons, and school personnel prior to a vote on the issue. Further, the Board shall consider the criteria set out in its measuring and scoring instrument, with a an appropriate "cut off" for safety busing purposes when the scoring element used indicates hazards that are "reasonable" for students to encounter during their walk to and from school, which by this reference is incorporated and attached to this policy as Exhibit 1.

Each year, no later than the regular Board meeting in August, the Board shall review and vote on all requests for new safety busing locations. The Board may annually approve the formation of an ad hoc supplemental transportation committee for the purpose of objectively evaluating all hazardous routes less than 1.5 miles from the students' home to school, using the Board approved measuring instrument. The Superintendent is directed to review all existing safety busing locations at intervals of no more than three years.

Cross Reference: 8100 Transportation

Bus Routes, Stops and Non-Transportation Zones

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1501 Transportation Authorized

Other Reference: http://www.sde.idaho.gov/site/transportation/annual_reporting.htm

Standards for Idaho School Buses and Operations

Exhibit 1 is the measuring instrument form used by the District.

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 2 of 2

Hours of Service of Drivers

The maximum driving time for passenger-carrying vehicles shall be as follows, subject to the exceptions and exemptions provided by law. The District shall not permit or require any driver to drive a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle:

- 1. For more than ten hours following eight consecutive hours off duty; or
- 2. For any period after having been on duty 15 hours following eight consecutive hours off duty.

Additionally, the District shall not permit or require a driver of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle to drive for any period after:

- 1. Having been on duty 60 hours in any seven consecutive days if the employing motor carrier does not operate commercial motor vehicles every day of the week; or
- 2. Having been on duty 70 hours in any period of eight consecutive days if the employing motor carrier operates commercial motor vehicles every day of the week.

Drivers shall use Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) over-the-road hours-of service trip logs, a trip agenda, or other trip documentation validating applicable driving hours on all out-of-District trips.

Cross Reference: 8100 Transportation

Legal Reference: FMCSA: § 395.5: Maximum driving time for passenger-carrying vehicles

Other Reference: Idaho Department of Education, Idaho's School Bus Driver Training
Classroom Curriculum

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

8120

Bus Routes, Stops, and Non-Transportation Zones

Each year, no later than the regular Board meeting in August, the Superintendent shall present their recommendation for bus routes, school safety busing zones, and non-transportation zones to the Board of Trustees. The Board shall consider student health and safety in considering the recommendations of the Superintendent.

Definitions

"Safety Busing Zone" shall mean the transportation of a student who lives less than 1½ miles from school when, in the judgment of the Board, the age, health, or safety of the student warrants such action. See Policy 8110 Safety Busing.

"Non-Transportation Zone" shall mean an area of the District designated by the Board which is not served by District transportation because of scarcity of students or remoteness, or because the condition of roads makes such service impractical.

Establishing Bus Routes

In order to operate the transportation system as safely and efficiently as possible, the following factors shall be considered in establishing bus routes:

- 1. School bus routes shall be established with due consideration of the sum total of local conditions affecting the safety, economic soundness, and convenience of its operation including road conditions, condition of bridges and culverts, hazardous crossings, presence of railroad tracks and arterial highways, extreme weather conditions and variations, length of route, number of families and children to be serviced, availability of turn-around points, capacity of bus, and other related factors. Further, the Board of Trustees shall consider the criteria set out in its measuring and scoring instrument. See Policy 8110 Safety Busing, Exhibit 1.
- 2. School bus drivers are encouraged to make recommendations in regard to establishing or changing routes.
- 3. Parents should be referred to the Superintendent for any request of change in routes, stops, or schedules.
- 4. At least once each year, the District's school bus driver trainer shall evaluate each route for the purpose of assessing the safety of routes and bus stops. Documentation of the route evaluation shall be retained by the District.

Bus Stops

Buses should stop only at designated places approved by school authorities. Exceptions should be made only in cases of emergency and inclement weather conditions. Bus stops shall be chosen with safety and protection of the health of the student in mind.

School loading and unloading zones are to be established and marked to provide safe and orderly loading and unloading of students. The Superintendent is responsible for the conduct of students waiting in loading zones.

Delay in Schedule

The schedule for pickup and delivery of children shall be followed as accurately as possible. The driver is to notify the Superintendent of a delay in schedule. The Superintendent will notify parents on routes and radio stations, if necessary.

Responsibilities - Pupils

Pupils must realize that safety is based on group conduct. Talk should be in conversational tones at all times. There should be no shouting or loud talking which may distract the bus driver. There should be no shouting at passersby. Pupils should instantly obey any command or suggestions from the driver and/or his or her assistants.

A pupil may be denied transportation upon a showing of good cause. The reason for the denial of transportation services shall be provided to the parent(s)/guardian(s) in writing.

Responsibilities - Parents

The interest and assistance of each parent is a valued asset to the transportation program. Parents' efforts towards making each bus trip a safe and pleasant experience are requested and appreciated. The following suggestions are only three of the many ways parents can assist:

- 1. Ensure that students are at the bus stop in sufficient time to efficiently meet the bus;
- 2. Properly prepare children for weather conditions; and
- 3. Encourage school bus safety at home. Caution children regarding safe behavior and conduct while riding on the school bus.

Safety

The Superintendent shall develop written rules establishing the procedures for bus safety and emergency exit drills which comply with State law and Federal Highway Safety Guideline 17, and for student conduct while riding on buses.

If the bus and driver are present, the driver is responsible for the safety of his or her passengers, particularly for those who must cross a roadway prior to loading or after leaving the bus. Except

in emergencies, no bus driver shall order or allow a student to board or disembark at other than his or her assigned stop unless so authorized by the Superintendent. In order to assure the safety of all, the bus driver may hold students accountable for their conduct during the course of transportation and may recommend corrective action against a student. Bus drivers are expressly prohibited from using corporal punishment.

Further, the Board shall consider the criteria set out in its measuring and scoring instrument which by this reference is incorporated and attached to this policy.

The bus driver is responsible for the use of the warning and stop signaling systems and the consequent protection of his or her passengers. Failure to use the system constitutes negligence on the part of the driver.

Inclement Weather

The Board recognizes the unpredictability and resulting dangers associated with the weather in Idaho. To achieve the maximum safety for children and efficiency of operation, the Superintendent is empowered to make decisions as to the emergency operation of buses, the cancellation of bus routes, and the closing of schools in accordance with his or her best judgment. The Board may develop guidelines in cooperation with the Superintendent to assist him or her in making such decisions.

Cross Reference: 8110 Safety Busing

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1501 Transportation Authorized

I.C. § 33-1502 Bus Routes—Non-Transportation Zones I.C. § 49-1422 Overtaking and Passing a School Bus

Other Reference: Standards for Idaho School Buses and Operations

Idaho Department of Education, Idaho's School Bus Driver Training

Classroom Curriculum

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

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ROUTE EVALUATION

Due Ne	e & Number			Date of Evaluation	
chool District Name & Number sus No Route No fransported		Bus Capacity		Number	
LOADING/UNLOAD	DING AREAS AT SCHOOLS	Yes	No	COMMENTS	
Is there adequate and acti	ve supervision at school loading/unloading areas?				
Is bus parking designed so to get to parent pick-up ar	o that students do not have to walk between buses reas?				
Is other traffic kept away	from bus loading area?				
ROUTES		Yes	No	COMMENTS	
Do students have a safe lo	ocation away from the roadway to wait for the bus?				
	ocation away from the roadway to wait for the bus? Dee at the bus stop before the bus arrives?				
Are students required to b					
Are students required to b	be at the bus stop before the bus arrives?				
Are students required to be Are students required to consistency. Is there at least 100 yards	be at the bus stop before the bus arrives? cross more than three lanes of traffic?				
Are students required to be Are students required to color is there at least 100 yards Are there any visual obstr	pe at the bus stop before the bus arrives? cross more than three lanes of traffic? visibility in both directions at each bus stop?				
Are students required to be Are students required to complete the students required to complete the students are there at least 100 yards. Are there any visual obstruction to be students are students.	pe at the bus stop before the bus arrives? cross more than three lanes of traffic? visibility in both directions at each bus stop? ructions at intersections or bus stops?				

BACKING

List Backing Locations on Private Property	Approved by Board for Current Year	Are Trained Flag Persons being Utilized	Alternatives Tthat Would Eliminate Backing Situations
1.	Yes ⑤ No ⑤	Yes © No ©	
2.	Yes ® No ®	Yes ® No ®	
3.	Yes ⑤ No ⑤	Yes ⑤ No ⑤	

4.	Yes © No ©	Yes ® No ®	
List Backing Locations on Public Roadways	Approved by Board for Current Year		Alternatives That Would Eliminate Backing Situation
1.	Yes § No §		
2.	Yes \$ No \$		
3.	Yes \$ No \$		
4.	Yes © No ©		
NOTES:			
Signature of Evaluator:			Date
Signature of Transportation Sup (if other than e	evaluator):		Date
ACTIONS TO B	E TAKEN DUR	RING AND	

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING AND FOLLOWING THE OBSERVATION OF SCHOOL BUS ROUTES

Supervisory actions that should be taken during and after transportation supervisory personnel completes a review of bus routes are:

- 1. Check the route and schedule for accuracy.
- 2. Determine that loading and unloading occurs only at authorized stops.
- 3. Check to see that vehicles are operated in compliance with prescribed regulations.
- 4. Observe the driver/pupil relationship.
- 5. Check loading and unloading conditions at school centers.
- 6. Check for evidence of supervision in loading zones.

- 7. Note hazardous road conditions.
- 8. Note the nature, frequency and locations of bus stop law violations.
- 9. Observe conditions of bus, e.g., cleanliness, tires, windows, emergency exit(s), first aid kits, fire extinguisher, seats, etc.
- 10. Observe vehicle inspection guide for evidence of pre-trip inspection.
- 11. Note driver attitude toward other motorists and pedestrians.
- 12. Follow the observation with a written report and discussion with the driver (and other, as appropriate).
- 13. File the written report in the driver's permanent record.

District-Owned Vehicles

The District owns and maintains certain vehicles. Included among them are pickups, school buses, and vans. These are for use by properly authorized personnel of the District business purposes.

Any driver who receives a citation for a driving violation while operating a District vehicle shall personally pay all fines levied. All citations received while the driver is a District employee, whether operating a District vehicle, must be reported and may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

District Bus and Vehicle Maintenance

Buses used in the District's transportation program shall be in safe and legal operating condition. All buses shall conform to standards of construction prescribed by the State Board of Education and inspections as required by law. The Superintendent shall establish a specific list of tasks that bus drivers shall perform on a daily basis. All other District vehicles shall be maintained following established programs as developed by the Superintendent.

<u>District-Owned Vehicles Provided to Employees</u>

The District owns vehicles which certain employees use for commuting to and from work and for other District-related travel. Any mileage driven in a District-owned vehicle that is not for official District business will be considered a taxable fringe benefit to the employee driving the vehicle. This taxable fringe benefit will be in addition to the employee's annual salary and will be reported on the individual employee's W-4.

Records of mileage and use other than official District business must be recorded in a diary or log.

Unauthorized personal use of the vehicles or failure to report personal mileage and use may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. No employee, friend, associate, or family member of any employee may use a District-owned vehicle for personal use other than personal use by the employee.

This policy and taxable fringe benefit will be reviewed annually to verify that the policy is in compliance with IRS regulations.

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1506 Inspection of School Buses

IDAPA 08.02.02.160 Maintenance Standards and Inspections

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 2 of 2

Driver Training and Responsibility

Bus drivers shall observe all State statutes and administrative rules governing traffic safety and school bus operation. The District shall, at the beginning of each school year, provide each driver with a copy of the District's written rules for bus drivers and for student conduct on buses.

Each bus driver shall meet the qualifications established by the State Department of Education, including, but not limited to the following:

- 1. Be over the age of 18 years of age;
- 2. Be of good moral character;
- 3. Not be addicted to the use of intoxicants or narcotics;
- 4. Possess a valid and appropriate commercial driver's license and other endorsements required by law, and, if applicable, a waiver for insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus issued by the State Department of Education; and
- 5. Be medically qualified under the physical examination standards of the federal motor carrier safety regulations; provided, however, that individuals with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, who are otherwise medically qualified under the physical examination standards of the federal motor carrier safety regulations, may request a waiver for this condition from the State Department of Education as provided in Idaho Code § 33-1509.

When a teacher, coach, or other certified staff member is assigned to accompany students on a bus, such person shall be primarily responsible for the behavior of the students in his or her charge. The bus driver shall have final authority and responsibility for the bus. The Superintendent shall establish written procedures for bus drivers.

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1508 Operation of School Buses

I.C. § 33-1509 School Bus Drivers – Definition – Qualification – Duties

I.C. § 49-105 Definition - Drivers Licenses

IDAPA 08.02.02.170 School Bus Drivers and Vehicle Operation

FMCSA 382.105

Other Reference: Standards for Idaho School Buses and Operations

Idaho's School Bus Drivers Training - Classroom Curriculum

Idaho's School Bus Drivers Training - Behind the Wheel Curriculum

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

8185

Use of Wireless Communication Devices by Bus Drivers

While the Board of Trustees believes the use of wireless communication devices by District bus drivers is important to provide instant communication regarding emergencies as well as to convey other important District information, bus drivers shall be subject to the restrictions outlined in this policy to ensure safe use of personal or District wireless communication devices.

For purposes of this policy, wireless communication device is defined as any device intended to facilitate communication, including but not limited to cell phones, two-way radios, walkie talkies, palm pilots, blackberries, PDAs, beepers, pagers, etc.

Under usual circumstances, use of District owned wireless communication devices shall be allowed when used to assist a driver and/or dispatcher in the necessary communications periodically needed to safely deliver children from home to school, from school to school, from school to home, and on activity trips. A school bus driver is prohibited from operating a school bus while using a cellular telephone, except:

- 1. During an emergency situation;
- 2. To call for assistance if there is a mechanical breakdown or other mechanical problem;
- 3. When the school bus is parked.

Bus drivers may not use hands-free devices, unless there is an emergency situation. Bus drivers shall under no circumstances place or receive communications unrelated to District business while on duty.

Violation of this policy may subject the driver to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Legal Reference: FMCSA 49CFR392.82-Wirless Communication Devices

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

8190

Emergencies Involving Transportation Vehicles

In the event of an accident or other emergency, the bus driver shall follow the emergency procedures developed by the Superintendent. A copy of the emergency procedures shall be located in each bus. To ensure the success of such emergency procedures, each bus driver shall conduct an emergency evacuation drill within the first six weeks of each school semester. The District shall conduct such other drills and procedures as may be necessary.

To allow evacuation in the event of an emergency, items belonging to those riding the bus must be safely stowed and secured away from any aisle or emergency exit. To ensure that aisles and emergency exits are kept clear at all times, the Superintendent may issue rules limiting the size or number of items riders may bring with them on the bus.

Reference: Federal Highway Safety Guideline 17

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on:

Page 1 of 1

Local School Wellness

It is the goal of the South Lemhi School District to strive to make a significant contribution to the general wellbeing, mental and physical capacity, and learning ability of each student and afford them the opportunity to fully participate in the education process. The South Lemhi School District promotes healthy schools by supporting wellness, good nutrition, and regular physical activity as a part of the total learning environment. The District supports a healthy environment where children learn and participate in positive dietary and lifestyle practices. By facilitating learning through the support and promotion of good nutrition and physical activity, our school contributes to the basic health status of children. Improved health optimizes student performance potential and ensures that no child is left behind.

Healthy eating is demonstrably linked to reduced risk of mortality and development of many chronic diseases as adults.

The Board directs the Superintendent to inform and update the public, including parents, students, and others in the community, about the content and implementation of the wellness policy. Such information may be provided on the District website, through dissemination of student handbooks, or in any other manner the Superintendent may deem appropriate.

Definition

For the purposes of this policy the school day is defined as midnight before to 30 minutes after the end of the instructional school day.

Goals for Wellness Promotion

To ensure the health and wellbeing of all students, it is the policy of the District to:

- 1. Ensure that all children have access to adequate and healthy food choices on scheduled school days at reasonable prices;
- 2. Ensure that foods sold at school during the school day meet or exceed the nutritional standards required by National School Lunch Program, the National School Breakfast Program, and the Smart Snacks in Schools standards. Exceptions can be made for infrequent food sales fundraisers that occur no more than the number of times determined appropriate by the Idaho State Department of Education during the school year and are not held during school meal times;
- 3. Ensure that non-exempt fundraising food sales will not occur on school grounds during the school day. The District operates under United States Department of Agriculture

 Page 1 of 3

(USDA) program regulations of the National School Lunch Program, National School Breakfast Program, and the Smart Snacks in Schools regulations. This includes food sold during the school day in school stores, vending machines, and other venues.

- 4. Provide a comprehensive learning environment for developing and practicing lifelong wellness behaviors including good nutrition and regular physical activity;
- 5. Promote healthy eating patterns through classroom nutrition education coordinated with the comprehensive health education program including education, health, and food services;
- 6. Provide District staff with adequate pre-service and ongoing in-service training; and
- 7. Involve family members and the community in supporting and reinforcing nutrition education and the promotion of healthy eating and lifestyles.

Nutrition Standards

To promote student health and reduce childhood obesity, the District requires all schools within the District to comply with the nutrition standards established by the USDA with respect to all food that is available on school grounds during the school day.

Community Participation

Parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the Board, school administrators, and the general public are all permitted to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review of this policy.

Monitoring Compliance

The Superintendent shall designate one or more District officials or school officials to ensure that each school complies with this policy.

Cross-Reference: 2310 Nutrition Education

2315 Physical Activity Opportunities and Education

8230 Nutrition Standards

Legal Reference: Sec. 204, Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004

Pub.L. 111-296 Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010

Page 2 of 3

7 CFR Parts 210 Nutrition School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs:

Final Rule

Smart Snacks in School Regulations by the United States Department of

Agriculture

Other Reference: http://www.sde.idaho.gov/site/cnp/nslp/smartSnacks.htm

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 3 of 3

Food Services

The District shall provide wholesome, appetizing, and nutritious meals for children in the District's schools. Because of potential liability to the District, the food services program shall not accept donations of food without the approval of the Board.

Community Involvement

To the extent practical, the District shall inform families about the availability of breakfast for students. Information shall be distributed just prior to or at the beginning of the school year. Additional reminders may be sent throughout the school year and/or posted to the District's website.

United States Department of Agriculture Foods

The District shall use USDA foods made available under the Federal Food Distribution Program for school meals.

Qualifications of School Food Service Staff

Qualified nutrition professionals will administer the school meal programs. As part of the District's responsibility to operate a food service program, continuing professional development opportunities may be provided to select District nutrition professionals.

Free and Reduced Price Food Services

The District shall provide free and reduced price meals to students according to the terms of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) and the National School Breakfast Program (SBP). The District shall inform parents of the eligibility standards for free or reduced price meals. Identity of students receiving free or reduced price meals will be confidential in accordance with the guidelines for the NSLP and SBP. A parent has the right to appeal any decision with respect to his or her application for free or reduced price food services to a designated hearing official.

The amount charged for such meals shall be sufficient to cover all costs of the meals, including preparation labor, food costs, handling costs, utility costs, and equipment depreciation costs.

Every effort is to be made to eliminate any social stigma attached to, and prevent the overt identification of, students who are eligible for free and reduced-price school meals. Toward this end, the availability of school meals to all students will be promoted and electronic identification of students and payment systems utilized where feasible.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq. National School Lunch Act

7 CFR Parts 210.12 Student, Parent, and Community Involvement

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

School Meals

This policy supports the mission of the District, including providing an environment that cultivates maximum student potential. Nutrition influences a child's development, health, wellbeing, and potential for learning. To afford students the opportunity to fully participate in the educational process, students must attend school with minds and bodies ready to take advantage of their learning environment. This policy encourages all members of the school community to create an environment that supports lifelong healthy eating habits. Decisions made in all school programming need to reflect and encourage positive nutrition messages and healthy food choices.

National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program

The full meal program will follow the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)'s National School Lunch Program (NSLP) and the National School Breakfast Program (SBP) Nutrition Standards as well as Smart Snacks in Schools standards, and offer a variety of fruits and vegetables. All of the grains served shall be whole grain;

Breakfast

To ensure that all children have breakfast, either at home or at school, and in order to meet their nutritional needs and enhance their ability to learn, District schools will:

- 1. To the extent possible, operate the School Breakfast Program;
- 2. To the extent possible, arrange bus schedules and utilize methods to serve school breakfasts that encourage participation, including serving breakfast in the classroom, "grab-and-go" breakfast, or breakfast during morning break or recess;
- 3. Notify parents and students of the availability of the School Breakfast Program; and
- 4. Encourage parents to provide a healthy breakfast for their children through newsletter articles, take-home materials, or other means.

Lunchroom Climate

The Board encourages schools to make the lunchroom environment a place where students have adequate space to eat and pleasant surroundings.

Page 1 of 2

Meal Times and Scheduling Recommendations

District schools, to the greatest extent possible, should:

- 1. Provide students with at least ten minutes to eat after sitting down for breakfast and 20 minutes after sitting down for lunch;
- 2. Schedule meal periods at appropriate times;
- 3. Not schedule tutoring, club or organizational meetings, or activities during mealtimes unless students may eat during such activities;
- 4. Schedule lunch periods in elementary schools to follow recess periods;
- 5. Provide students access to hand washing or hand sanitizing before they eat meals or snacks.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq. National School Lunch Act

7 CFR Parts 210 Nutrition School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs;

Final Rule

Smart Snacks in School Regulations by the United States Department of

Agriculture

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 2 of 2

Fire Drills and Evacuation Plans Goal

The Board recognizes the importance of being prepared for emergencies and the role fire drills play in being prepared. The emergency evacuation drill trains staff and students and evaluates their efficiency and effectiveness in carrying out emergency evacuation procedures.

<u>Frequency</u>

Monthly fire drills are required for all occupants. The frequency shall be allowed to be modified in severe climates and the fire code official shall have the authority to modify the frequency.

First Evacuation Drill

The first evacuation drill of the school year must be completed within ten days of the beginning of classes.

Time

Fire drills shall be held at unexpected times and under varying conditions to stimulate the unusual conditions that occur in case of fire. Emergency evacuation drills shall be conducted at different hours of the day or evening, during the changes of classes, when the school is at assembly, during the recess or gymnastic periods, or during other times to avoid distinction between drills and actual fires.

Assembly Points

Outdoor assembly areas shall be designated and shall be located a safe distance from the building being evacuated so as to avoid interference with fire department operations. The assembly areas shall be arranged to keep each class separate to provide accountability of all individuals.

Record Keeping

Records shall be maintained of emergency evacuation drills and include:

- 1. Identity of the person conducting the drill;
- 2. Date and time of the drill;
- 3. Notification method used;
- 4. Staff members on duty and participating;
- 5. Number of occupants evacuated;
- 6. Special conditions simulated;

- 7. Problems encountered;
- 8. Weather conditions when occupants were evacuated; and
- 9. Time required to accomplish a complete evacuation.

Fire Safety and Fire Evacuation Plans

Fire safety and evacuation plans, emergency procedures, and employee training programs shall be approved by the fire code official and be prepared and maintained by the school.

Fire Evacuation Plan

The fire evacuation plan must include:

- 1. Emergency egress or escape routes and whether evacuation of the building is to be complete or, where approved, by selected floors or areas only;
- 2. Procedures for employees who must remain to operate critical equipment before evacuating;
- 3. Procedures for accounting for employees and occupants after the evacuation has been completed;
- 4. Identification and assignment of personnel responsible for rescue or emergency medical aid;
- 5. The preferred and any alternative means of notifying occupants of a fire or emergency;
- 6. The preferred and any alternative means of reporting fires and other emergencies to the fire department or designated emergency response organization;
- 7. Identification and assignment of personnel who can be contacted for further information or explanation of duties under the plan; and
- 8. A description of the emergency voice/alarm communication system alert tone and preprogrammed voice messages, where provided.

Fire Safety Plans

The fire safety plan must include:

- 1. The procedures for reporting a fire or other emergency;
- 2. The life safety strategy and procedures for notifying, relocating, or evacuating occupants;
 - 3. Site plans indicating the following:
 - A. The occupancy assembly point;
 - B. The location of fire hydrants; and
 - C. The normal routes of fire department vehicle access
- 4. Floor plans identifying the locations of the following:

- A. Exits:
- B. Primary evacuation routes;
- C. Secondary evacuation routes;
- D. Accessible egress routes;
- E. Areas of refuge;
- F. Manual fire alarm boxes;
- G. Portable fire extinguishers;
- H. Occupant-use hose stations; and
- I. Fire alarm annunciators and controls.
- 5. A list of major fire hazards associated with the normal use and occupancy of the premises, including maintenance and housekeeping procedures;
- 6. Identification and assignment of personnel responsible for maintenance of systems and equipment installed to prevent or control fires; and
- 7. Identification and assignment of personal responsible for maintenance, housekeeping, and controlling fuel hazard sources.

In the Event of a Fire

All incidents of unintentional fires will be reported to the Superintendent whether or not fire department response is required. All department heads, supervisors, etc. will ensure that their employees are aware of the location of fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull boxes in their work area(s). All employees should be made aware of the location of the fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull boxes in their work area(s). All employees should be made aware of emergency evacuation routes for their work area, the location of the fire exit windows, etc.

In the event of a fire:

- 1. Promptly direct the charge of the fire extinguisher toward the base of the flame. If an emergency exists, activate the building alarm and contact the Superintendent.
 - A. If a minor fire appears controllable, immediately contact, or direct someone in the area to contact, the Superintendent.
 - B. For large fires that do not appear controllable, immediately activate the building alarm and contact, or direct someone to contact, the Superintendent. Close all doors while exiting the building to reduce oxygen and slow the spread of fire. Do not lock the doors!
- 2. Assist in the evacuation of the building. Smoke is the greatest danger in a fire, so be prepared to stay near the floor where the air will be less toxic.

3. If trapped on a second story or higher, hang an article of clothing out of the window to signal security officers. Anyone trapped in the room should remain close to the floor to avoid smoke.

During an evacuation, direct crowds away from fire hydrants and roadways, and clear sidewalks immediately adjacent to the building. Ask bystanders to assist in watching windows, doorways, etc. for persons who may be trapped inside. Do not attempt to rescue them. Notify fire department personnel.

Legal Reference: I.C. § 41-253 Adoption of International Fire Code

I.D.A.P.A. 18.01.50 Rules of the Idaho Department of Insurance, Title

01, Chapter 50, "Adoption of the 2006 International

Fire Code."

IDAPA 08.02.03.160 Safe Environment and Discipline

2006 Idaho Fire Code

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 4 of 4

Activity Trips

The use of school buses is strictly limited to school activities. Buses may not be loaned or leased to non-school groups unless permission is specifically granted by the Board. On all activity runs, buses will be operated by a qualified bus driver, and only authorized activity participants, professional staff, and chaperones assigned by the administration may ride the bus.

Student Travel to/from Extracurricular or Co-Curricular Activity

Unless other travel arrangements are authorized, students will board the bus at the school designated as point of origin for the trip and will return to the point of origin in the bus.

The only variation allowed in this regulation is the release of students to parents in a face-to-face situation at the close of the activity before buses begin the return trip.

Before departure on each activity trip, all students provided with transportation by the District will be instructed on the location of all emergency exits and their operation. This instruction will include a general review of safe riding practices, rules, and procedures.

If a student causes a disruption or hazard on the bus, a hearing will be held with the Superintendent, driver, instructor, coach or adult sponsor, parent/guardian, and student. The driver, instructor, coach or adult sponsor, parent/guardian, and the student will have the opportunity to share with the Superintendent their perceptions of the problem. If the Superintendent finds that there has been an infraction of bus rules, he or she will take the following action:

- 1. On the first infraction, the student will be warned;
- 2. That following any further infraction he or she will be declared ineligible for transportation to the extracurricular or co-curricular activities for one event;
- 3. On the second infraction during a semester, the student will be declared ineligible for transportation to the extracurricular or co-curricular activity for two events; and
- 4. On the third infraction during a semester, the student will be declared ineligible for transportation to the extracurricular or co-curricular activities for the remainder of the semester.

Based on the severity of the problem as it relates to respect and safety for others, the Superintendent may bypass step #1 and/or step #2 above and immediately declare the student ineligible for transportation for two weeks or for the remainder of the semester.

Cross Reference: 3380 Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Participation Policy

Legal Reference: IDAPA 08.02.02.190 Program Operations

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL OPERATIONS

8510

District Safety

The Board recognizes that safety and health standards should be incorporated into all aspects of the operation of the District. Rules for safety and prevention of accidents shall be posted in compliance with Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) requirements. Injuries and accidents shall be reported to the District office.

Cross Reference: 9400 Safety Program

Legal Reference: Occupational Safety and Health Act

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

Inspection of School Facilities

To ensure the safety and health of children and staff, the District shall, at least once a year subject the facilities of the District to an independent inspection for the purposes of determining whether such facilities comply with safety and health standards and other codes and requirements of Idaho law. The safety inspection will be conducted by a professionally qualified independent inspector or done pursuant to Title 39, Chapter 80, Idaho Code. The safety inspection report shall be provided to the Board of Trustees and to the administrator of the Division of Building Safety for review.

After having the opportunity to review the inspection report, the Board shall identify any unsafe or unhealthy conditions and take the necessary steps to abate such conditions. Should any unsafe and unhealthy conditions remain beyond the school year in which such conditions were reported, the Board shall identify such conditions as not having been abated and take all necessary steps as soon as is practical to abate such conditions.

For purposes of this policy, the term "facilities" means school buildings, administration buildings, playgrounds, athletic fields or any other facilities or property used by schoolchildren or school personnel in the normal course of educational services.

Emergency Evacuation Plan

The District shall ensure the safety and health of students and staff by having in place at all times an Emergency Evacuation Plan. The District will cooperate and coordinate with city, county, and State emergency personnel. The District shall review its emergency evacuation plan annually to determine whether the procedures in place require modification. The Plan will be posted in the District office as well as in every school building in the District. The Plan will be provided to each staff member at the beginning of the school year. In addition, the District will educate parents and patrons in the District by providing periodic information regarding the Plan.

Cross Reference: 8300 Emergency & Disaster Preparedness

8510 District Safety9400 Safety Program

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-1613 Safe Public School Facilities Required

IDAPA 08.02.03.106 Safe Environment and Discipline

Policy History

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Revised on: Page 1 of 1

8600

Records Management

A fireproof, waterproof vault will be provided for the retention of public records, including but not limited to minutes, annual audit reports, etc. and for employment and student records.

The Clerk shall be the Public Records Coordinator and custodian of records under the supervision of the Superintendent.

Personnel files and student files are confidential and are to be disclosed only as provided in policy and/or by law. A record of persons examining or copying personnel files or student files, other than administrative staff, shall be kept for each employment file and student file.

All public records will be provided to the public in accordance with the laws of the State of Idaho and District Policy 4260.

Record Safety

The Superintendent, shall create and enforce a procedure in an effort to keep the District's data and vital records safe and secure in the event of a possible disaster. Examples of vital records include personnel files, student records, fiscal documents (financial and insurance), etc.

In creating the procedure, the Superintendent shall consider the following:

- 1. Physical security;
- 2. Backup storage security;
- 3. Backup schedule;
- 4. Rotate backups;
- 5. Remote access;
- 6. Personnel authentication;
- 7. Backup infrastructure security;
- 8. Duplicating records for off-site storage; and
- 9. Storing computer tapes and disks in fire/waterproof safes.

The procedures should provide for a written comprehensive disaster recovery plan. Such a plan ensures that vital records are backed up daily and that the District will be able to recover operations quickly. In the event of a disaster, the identification and protection of vital records is of great importance.

Legal Reference: Title 74 Chapter 1 Public Records Act

Policy History

Adopted on: October 10, 2016

Revised on: Page 1 of 1

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

The Board has determined that it meets the definition of a hybrid of covered entities under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) since the district offers health-care provider programs and services that include electronic billing for the reimbursement of services under Idaho Medicaid programs, or contracts with another entity to provide such services, it is subject to HIPAA. In all electronic transactions involving student education records information, the district will adhere to the transaction requirements of HIPAA and the confidentiality requirements of the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

Additionally, because the district self-insures a health plan and self-administers an Internal Revenue Service Section 125 plan it also meets the health plan definition under HIPAA. Accordingly, the district will safeguard the protected health information of employees from use or disclosure that may violate standards and implementation specifications to the extent required by law.

As a covered entity, the district will meet the national electronic transaction standards and applicable requirements of federal law designed to ensure the security of projected health information of employees and student education record information created or received by the district.

In order to meet the notice requirements under the health-care provider provisions of the law, information will be provided to students and parents of their rights under FERPA in accordance with established procedures.

The Superintendent will designate an individual responsible for responding to HIPAA inquires, complaints and for providing adequate notice of employee rights and district duties under the health plan provisions of the Act. Notice will include the privacy provisions of the law, and uses of employee protected health information and disclosures that may be made by the district.

Training will be provided to all current staff and new employees determined by the district to have access to the protected health information of employees and student education records. Training will be provided within a reasonable period of time after the individual's hiring, and to those employees when their duties may be impacted by a change in the district's policy and/or procedures.

Individuals who believe their privacy rights have been violated may file a complaint in accordance with established district procedures. Employee complaints may also be filed directly with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services. There shall be no retaliation by the district against any person who files a complaint or otherwise participates in an investigation or inquiry into an alleged violation of an individual's protected privacy rights. All complaints received will be promptly investigated and documented, including their final disposition.

The Superintendent will ensure that satisfactory assurance has been obtained from any business associate performing HIPAA-covered activities or functions on behalf of the district that the protected health information it receives from the district will be protected. Such assurance will be in the form of a written agreement, or may be included as a part of the district's contract with the business associate.

Employees in violation of this policy or procedures established to safeguard student education records information and the projected health information of employees will be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal.

The Superintendent is directed to ensure an assessment of district operations is conducted to determine the extent of the district's responsibilities as a covered entity under HIPAA and to develop internal controls and procedures necessary to implement this policy and meet the requirements of the law. The procedures shall include provisions for record keeping, documentation of the district's compliance efforts and appropriate administrative, technical and physical safeguards to protect the privacy of student education records and employee protected health information and to ensure that any request is limited to information reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose for which the request is made.

In the event of a change in the law that may impact this policy or established district procedures, the Superintendent shall ensure appropriate revisions are recommended for Board approval, necessary changes are implemented and notification is made to staff and others, as appropriate.

This policy and any other policies, procedures, or directions relating to the implementation of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 are to be documented in written form. This documentation may be electronic. Such records are to be retained for at least six (6) years following their creation or last date effective, whichever is later. These documents will be made available to those responsible for implementing the procedures to which the documentation pertain.

This documentation shall be reviewed periodically, and updated as needed, in response to environmental or operational changes affecting the security of the electronic protected health information.

Legal Reference: Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, 42 U.S.C. 1320d-1320d-8; 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 29 C.F.R 164.316b

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99 (2000).

Policy History

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Revised on: Page 2 of 2

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL OPERATIONS

8700

Computer Software

The unauthorized copying of any computer software which is licensed or protected by copyright is theft. Failure to observe software copyrights and/or license agreements may result in disciplinary action by the District and/or legal action by the copyright owner.

No District-owned computing resources should be used for unauthorized commercial purposes. Illegal copies of copyrighted programs may not be made or used on school equipment. The legal or insurance protection of the District will not be extended to employees who violate copyright laws.

The Superintendent is the only individual who may sign license agreements for software for the school.

Cross-Reference: 2150 Copyright

Policy History

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